

## Safety Data Sheet

### ULTRALITE S1 (N) GREY

Safety Data Sheet dated: 10/02/2021 - version 3

Date of first edition: 03/05/2017



## 1. Identification

### GHS Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: ULTRALITE S1 (N) GREY

Trade code: 9024285

### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Cement based powder adhesive

Uses advised against: no data available

### Supplier's details

Company: MAPEI AUSTRALIA Pty Ltd

180 Viking Drive Wacol QLD 4076 Australia

Responsible: sales@mapei.com.au

### Emergency phone number

Australian Poisons Information Centre 24 Hour Service 13 11 26

Police or Fire Brigade 000

## 2. Hazard identification



### Classification of the Hazardous chemical

Skin Irrit. 2	Causes skin irritation.
Eye Dam. 1	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin Sens. 1B	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
STOT SE 3	May cause respiratory irritation.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

### GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

#### Pictograms and Signal Words



Danger

#### Hazard statements:

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Precautionary statements:

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P103	Read label before use.
P261	Avoid breathing dust.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P321	Specific treatment (see supplementary instructions on this label)
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

#### Other hazards which do not result in a classification

Other Hazards: No other hazards

Prolonged exposition and/or intensive inhalation of respirable free crystalline silica (average diameter less than 10 micron in accordance with ACGIH) can cause pulmonary fibrosis commonly referred to as silicosis.

This preparation contains cement. Contact between cement and body fluids (e.g. sweat and eye fluids) may cause irritation or burns.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substances

no data available

#### Mixtures

Mixture identification: ULTRALITE S1 (N) GREY

#### Hazardous components within the meaning of the "Australian Work Health and Safety (WHS)" regulation and related classification:

Concentration (% w/w)	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥50 - <75 %	portland cement, Cr(VI) < 2 ppm	CAS:65997-15-1 EC:266-043-4	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1B, H317; Eye Dam. 1, H318; STOT SE 3, H335	
≥5 - <10 %	Calcium carbonate	CAS:471-34-1 EC:207-439-9		Exempted
≥1 - <2.5 %	calcium formate	CAS:544-17-2 EC:208-863-7	Eye Dam. 1, H318	01-2119486476-24-XXXX

### 4. First-aid measures

#### Description of necessary first-aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.

In case of Inhalation:

In case of inhalation, consult a doctor immediately and show him packing or label.

#### Symptoms caused by exposure

Eye irritation

Eye damages

Skin Irritation

Erythema

#### Medical attention and special treatment

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

(see paragraph 4.1)

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

None in particular.

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

#### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.  
Burning produces heavy smoke.  
Hazardous combustion products: no data available  
Explosive properties: ==  
Oxidizing properties: no data available

### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.  
Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.  
Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

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## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.  
Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.  
Provide adequate ventilation.  
Use appropriate respiratory protection.

### Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Take up mechanically and dispose of according to local/state/federal regulations  
Scoop into containers and seal for disposal.  
Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

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## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.  
Do not use on extensive surface areas in premises where there are occupants.  
Use localized ventilation system.  
Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.  
Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.  
Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.  
Do not eat or drink while working.  
See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Always keep in a well ventilated place.  
Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Cool and adequately ventilated.

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## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters – exposure standards, biological monitoring

#### List of components with OEL value

Component	OEL Type	Country	Ceiling	Long Term mg/m3	Long Term ppm	Short Term mg/m3	Short Term ppm	Behaviour	Note
portland cement, Cr(VI) < 2 ppm	National	FINLAND		1					FINLAND, respirabel fraktion
		AUS		10.000					10 mg/m3 PEL
	National	SPAIN		4.000					5 mg/m3 TWA (containing <1% of free Silica, respirable dust); 10 mg/m3 TWA (containing <1% of free Silica, total dust)
	National	PORTUGAL		10					
	National	BELGIUM		10					
	National	HUNGARY		10					
	National	UNITED KINGDOM		10.000					inhalable dust

National UNITED KINGDOM	4.000		respirable dust
National CROATIA	10.000	10.000	
ACGIH AUSTRALIA	1.000		A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen;pulmonary function;respiratory symptoms;asthma
National UNITED KINGDOM	10	30.000	5 mg/m3 TWA (containing <1% of free Silica, respirable dust);10 mg/m3 TWA (containing <1% of free Silica, total dust)
National UNITED KINGDOM	4.000		
National ROMANIA	10		
National CROATIA	4.000	10	
OSHA	15		
OSHA	5		
ACGIH	1		A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen;pulmonary function;respiratory symptoms;asthma
AUS AUSTRALIA	10		
National SPAIN	4		
National FINLAND	5		
National FINLAND	1		
National PORTUGAL	1		
National BELGIUM	1		
National LATVIA	6		
National UNITED KINGDOM	10	30	
National UNITED KINGDOM	10	12	
National UNITED KINGDOM	4	30	
National CROATIA	10		
National CROATIA	4		
Calcium carbonate AUS AUSTRALIA	10		
National FRANCE	10		
National PORTUGAL	10		
National LATVIA	6		

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

Component	CAS-No.	PNEC Limit	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency	Remark
Calcium carbonate	471-34-1	100 mg/l	Microorganisms in sewage treatments		
calcium formate	544-17-2	1.5 mg/kg	Soil		
		13.4 mg/kg	Freshwater sediments		
		0.2 mg/l	Marine water		
		2 mg/l	Fresh Water		
		10 mg/l	Intermittent release		
		1.34 mg/kg	Marine water sediments		
		13.4 mg/kg	Freshwater		

sediments

2.21 mg/l Microorganisms in  
sewage treatments

#### Derived No Effect Level. (DNEL)

Component	CAS-No.	Worker Industrial	Worker Professional	Consumer	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency	Remark
Calcium carbonate	471-34-1	6.36 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		1.06 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Human Inhalation	Long Term, local effects	
				6.1 mg/kg	Human Oral	Long Term, systemic effects	
				6.1 mg/kg	Human Oral	Short Term, systemic effects	
calcium formate	544-17-2			23.9 mg/kg	Human Oral	Long Term, systemic effects	
		337 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		83.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Human Inhalation	Long Term, systemic effects	
		337 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		83.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Human Inhalation	Short Term, systemic effects	
		4780 mg/kg		2390 mg/kg	Human Dermal	Short Term, systemic effects	
		4780 mg/kg		2390 mg/kg	Human Dermal	Long Term, systemic effects	
		16.7 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>		8.3 mg/kg	Human Dermal	Short Term, local effects	
		16.7 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>		8.3 mg/kg	Human Dermal	Long Term, local effects	

#### Appropriate engineering controls

no data available

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; AS/NZS 2161.10:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness  $\geq 0,5\text{mm}$ ; breakthrough time  $\geq 480\text{min}$ .

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness  $\geq 0,35\text{mm}$ ; breakthrough time  $\geq 480\text{min}$ .

Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness  $\geq 0,5\text{mm}$ ; breakthrough time  $\geq 480\text{min}$ .

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness  $\geq 0,4\text{mm}$ ; breakthrough time  $\geq 480\text{min}$ .

Nitrile gloves are suggested (1,3 mm; 480 min). Not recommended gloves: not waterproof gloves

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

Respiratory protection:

Respiratory protection must be used where exposure levels exceed workplace exposure limits. Refer to AS/NZS 1715-1716 for information on selection and use of appropriate respiratory protection equipment.

Use respiratory protection where ventilation is insufficient or exposure is prolonged.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state Solid

Color Grey

Appearance: powder

Odour: cement like

Odour threshold: no data available

pH:

pH (water dispersion, 10%): 12.00

Melting point / freezing point: no data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: no data available

Flash point: no data available

Evaporation rate: no data available  
Flammability (Solid, Gas): no data available  
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: no data available  
Vapour pressure: no data available  
Vapour density: no data available  
Relative density: 1.50 g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Solubility in water: <5 g/l  
Solubility in oil: Insoluble  
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): no data available  
Auto-ignition temperature: no data available  
Decomposition temperature: no data available  
Viscosity: no data available  
Specific heat value: no data available  
Saturated vapour concentration: no data available  
Release of invisible flammable vapours and gases: no data available  
Particle size: no data available  
Particle size distribution: no data available  
Shape and aspect ratio: no data available  
Crystallinity: no data available  
Dustiness: no data available  
Specific surface area: no data available  
Degree of aggregation or agglomeration, and dispersibility: no data available  
Biodurability or biopersistence: no data available  
Surface coating or chemistry: no data available  
VOC % (Volatile Organic Compound) : 3 (Rule 1168) g/l

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## 10. Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

### Chemical stability

no data available

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

### Incompatible materials

None in particular.

### Hazardous decomposition products

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

Contains cement. Cement gives a strong alkaline reaction with water and body fluids (e.g. sweat and eye fluids), therefore the contact with skin and eyes should be carefully avoided.

### Toxicological information of the mixture:

There is no toxicological data available on the mixture. Consider the individual concentration of each component to assess toxicological effects resulting from exposure to the mixture.

### Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

Calcium carbonate	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg
		LC50 Inhalation Rat > 3 mg/l
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg 4h
		LD50 Oral Rat = 6450 mg/kg
	g) reproductive toxicity	NOAEL Rat = 1000 mg/kg
calcium formate	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 2650 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin > 2000 mg/kg
		LC50 Inhalation Rat = 0.64 mg/l 4h
		LD50 Oral Rat = 2650 mg/kg
	g) reproductive toxicity	NOAEL Oral Rat = 956 mg/kg

If not differently specified, the information required in the regulation and listed below must be considered as N.A.

- a) acute toxicity
- b) skin corrosion/irritation
- c) serious eye damage/irritation
- d) respiratory or skin sensitisation
- e) germ cell mutagenicity
- f) carcinogenicity
- g) reproductive toxicity
- h) STOT-single exposure
- Toxicological kinetics, metabolism and distribution information
- i) STOT-repeated exposure
- j) aspiration hazard

## 12. Ecological information

### Ecotoxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

#### List of components with eco-toxicological properties

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Infos
Calcium carbonate	CAS: 471-34-1 - EINECS: 207-439-9	c) Bacteria toxicity : NOEC Bacteria = 1000 mg/L 3  d) Terrestrial toxicity : LC50 > 1000 mg/kg d) Terrestrial toxicity : NOEC = 1000 mg/kg - 28 d e) Plant toxicity : NOEC = 1000 mg/kg - 21 d
calcium formate	CAS: 544-17-2 - EINECS: 208-863-7	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish > 1000 mg/L 96  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Bacteria > 1000 mg/L 3 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia > 1000 mg/L 48 c) Bacteria toxicity : EC50 Bacteria > 22.1 mg/L b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia > 100 mg/L - 21 d b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Algae > 500 mg/L a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae > 500 mg/L 72 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Brachydanio rerio >= 1000 mg/L 96h IUCLID

### Persistence and degradability

no data available

### Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

### Mobility in soil

no data available

### Other adverse effects

no data available

## 13. Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Recover if possible.

Methods of disposal:

Disposal of this product, solutions, packaging and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Do not dispose of waste into sewers.

Disposal considerations:

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of product according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

**Special precautions:**

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling untreated empty containers.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not re-use empty containers.

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## 14. Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

**UN number**

no data available

**UN proper shipping name**

no data available

**Transport hazard class(es)**

no data available

**Packing group, if applicable**

no data available

**Environmental hazards**

no data available

**Special precautions for user**

no data available

**Additional Information**

no data available

**HazChem Code/Emergency Action code**

no data available

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## 15. Regulatory information

**Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question**

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared according to the Australian Work Health and Safety (WHS) act and the Code of Practice on preparation of safety data sheets for Hazardous Chemicals.

AICS: all components are listed

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## 16. Other information

Code	Description
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H315	Causes skin irritation.
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H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
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H318	Causes serious eye damage.
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H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
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This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).  
 CAV: Poison Center  
 CE: European Community  
 CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.  
 CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic  
 COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand  
 COV: Volatile Organic Compound  
 CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment  
 CSR: Chemical Safety Report  
 DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level  
 DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.  
 DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive  
 DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive  
 EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration  
 ECHA: European Chemicals Agency  
 EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.  
 ES: Exposure Scenario  
 GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.  
 GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.  
 IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer  
 IATA: International Air Transport Association.  
 IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).  
 IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration  
 ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.  
 ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).  
 IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.  
 INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.  
 IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care  
 KSt: Explosion coefficient.  
 LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.  
 LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.  
 LDLo: Leathal Dose Low  
 N.A.: Not Applicable  
 N/A: Not Applicable  
 N/D: Not defined/ Not available  
 NA: Not available  
 NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health  
 NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level  
 OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.  
 PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
 PGK: Packaging Instruction  
 PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.  
 PSG: Passengers  
 RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.  
 STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.  
 STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.  
 TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.  
 TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).  
 vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.  
 WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

**Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:**

- Safety Data Sheet
- 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING
- 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION
- 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
- 4. FIRST AID MEASURES
- 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES
- 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
- 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE
- 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
- 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
- 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

- 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
- 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION
- 16. OTHER INFORMATION